Routines-Based Interview - Fidelity Coach RBI-FC Practice Check

Extended Version

The following version includes space for documenting the interviewers and date as well as additional pages of section *III. Learning About Routines* to allow for documentation of observations/reflections from six routines.

Routines-Based Interview - Fidelity Coach RBI-FC Practice Check

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Interviewers:	Date:

Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills Not Partly Fully
			a. Be natural and appropriately informal.
			b. Use a conversational approach rather
			than a set of questions.
			c. Sit in a relaxed but not sloppy position.
			d. Encourage a set-up that eases the
			conversation (e.g., sit beside the parent/s).
			e. Be responsive illustrating active
			listening.
	Not	Not Partly	Not Partly Fully

Notes

II. Getting Started							
RBI Elements	Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills	Not	Partly	Fully
1. Begin by asking the family how their day starts,				a. Let the family finish what they're			
showing the interview is about the whole family.				saying before replying or encouraging them to back up to provide detail.			
2. Ask about the details at the start of their day – back up and <i>re-start</i> if they talk about big chunks				 b. Actively include and attend to all parents/people being interviewed. 			
of time rather than detail.				c. Make eye-contact appropriately.			
3. Keep the focus on routines not what time things happen.				d. Use good affect (e.g., facial expressions, tone of voice, responsiveness).			
Notes				e. Match body language of the family (e.g., lean in/out as appropriate).			

ROUTINE:							
III. Learning About Routines							
RBI Elements	Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills	Not	Partly	Fully
1. Inquire about what the child is doing.				a. Begin with open-ended questions.			
2. Capture good, rich, detailed information about				b. Ask good follow up questions to			
the child's functioning related to:				collect rich detail.			
☐ Engagement				 Paraphrase and summarize to check understanding. 			
☐ Independence				d. Use responsive body language (e.g., affirming behaviors - nodding, gestures).			
☐ Social relationships				e. Keep a conversational flow to the interview.			
3. Inquire about what everyone else is doing.				f. Listen more than talk.			
4. Ask the family to rate the routine (1-5: define the scale the first time it is used and as needed thereafter).				g. Maintain interview focus without unnecessarily attending to distractions.			
5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"							•
<u>Notes</u>							

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III. Learning About Routines							
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Capture good, rich, detailed information about the child's functioning related to:				b. Ask good follow up questions to collect rich detail.			
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5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"							
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4. Ask the family to rate the routine (1-5: define the scale the first time it is used and as needed thereafter).				g. Maintain interview focus without unnecessarily attending to distractions.			
5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"					•		
Notes							
POLITINE:							

ROUTINE:							
III. Learning About Routines							
RBI Elements	Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills	Not	Partly	Fully
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Capture good, rich, detailed information about the child's functioning related to:				b. Ask good follow up questions to collect rich detail.			
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5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"							
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scale the first time it is used and as needed thereafter).				unnecessarily attending to distractions.			
5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"							
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4. Ask the family to rate the routine (1-5: define the scale the first time it is used and as needed thereafter).				g. Maintain interview focus without unnecessarily attending to distractions.			
5. Move onto the next routine by asking "What happens next?"							
<u>Notes</u>							

IV. Asking The Time, Worry, and Change Questions										
RBI Elements	Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills	Not	Partly	Fully			
1. Ask, "Do you have enough time for yourself or				a. Listen empathetically.						
for yourself with another person?" [If it hasn't come up before.]				b. Respond to emotions.						
2. Ask, "When you lie awake at night, worrying,				c. Use responsive body language (e.g.,						
what is it you worry about?"				affirming behaviors, nodding, gestures).						
3. Ask, "If there's anything you could change in your life, what would it be?"										

Notes

RBI Elements	Not	Partly	Fully	Interview Skills	Not	Partly	Fully
1. Introduce the recap stating what it is and how the information is used.				a. Speak clearly.			
 Summarize the discoveries, (things that sound like the family might want to work on), from the interview by routines versus isolated skills or domains. 				b. Attend to body language and responses to ensure understanding.			
3. Keep the recap short (no more than 5 minutes).				c. Use understandable language (no jargon).			
4. Recap without inviting further discussion, but respond to input from the family.							
 Let the family see the notes you are reading from, especially so they can see the starred concerns. 							

Notes

VI. Inviting The Family to Identify Their Priorities	S			
RBI Elements		Partly	Fully	ly Interview Skills Not Partly Full
1. Ask the family, "Of these things, (from the recap and				a. Listen objectively without judging.
notes), or anything else what would you like to work on?"				b. Keep the interview moving along.
2. Write down, on a new sheet of paper, the things the family identifies, asking for clarification as needed. Ensure you have enough detail to write the outcome.				c. Ask follow up questions to ensure understanding of the specific details of the family's priorities.
3. Prompt the family about other concerns as needed, but be sure to let them decide if they want to work on it (generally you will have 10-12).				d. Keep to the proposed time (2 hours).
4. Once the family has chosen their outcomes, ask them to put the outcomes in their priority order.				e. Paraphrase and summarize to ensure understanding.
5. Write down routines where the skill/behavior was needed.				
6. Explain that the next step is to write these as IFSP outcomes that will guide ongoing intervention visits.				
<u>Notes</u>	,	•		

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