

	<b>North Dakota Medicaid</b>	<b>Sanford Health Plan</b>	<b>Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Dakota</b>
<b>CPT code: 99188</b>	Application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional when performed in a non-dental clinic or facility setting	99188-application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional	99188-application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional
<b>Criteria for reimbursement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fluoride varnish is covered for members aged 6 months through 20 years old. A maximum of three applications per year, per member is covered.</li> <li>Recommend the fluoride varnish be applied at the time of well child visit/ Health Tracks Screening</li> <li>The following practioners may bill ND Medicaid for the application of fluoride varnish after receiving training which has been approved by the North Dakota Board of Dental Examiners:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nurse Practioners</li> <li>Registered Nurses and Licensed Practical Nurses under the supervision* of a physician, family nurse practioners, or physician assistant</li> <li>Must be a participating provider</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>USPSTF Rating (May 2014): B-</b> Children from birth through age 6 years. The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians apply fluoride varnish to the primary teeth of all infants and children starting at the age of primary tooth eruption.</p> <p>The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians prescribe oral fluoride supplementation starting at age 6 months for children whose water supply is deficient in fluoride.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Must be a participating provider</li> </ul>	<p><b>USPSTF Rating (May 2014): B-</b> Children from birth through age 6 years. The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians apply fluoride varnish to the primary teeth of all infants and children starting at the age of primary tooth eruption.</p> <p>The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians prescribe oral fluoride supplementation starting at age 6 months for children whose water supply is deficient in fluoride.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Must be a participating provider</li> </ul>
<b>ICD-10-CM Covered Diagnosis</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Z00.121-Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings</li> <li>Z00.129-Encounter for routine child health examination without abnormal findings</li> <li>Z29.3- Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration</li> <li>Z41.8- Encounter for other procedures for purposes other than remedying health state</li> </ul>	<p>Does not have diagnosis code requirements for preventative benefit to apply.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ages 0-5 years (ends on 6<sup>th</sup> birthday)</li> <li>Limited to two per year. Up to two additional (total of four) per year allowed if at high risk for cavities (medical necessity must be established).</li> </ul> <p>Does not have diagnosis code requirements for preventative benefit to apply.</p>	<p>Does not have diagnosis code requirements for preventative benefit to apply.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ages 0-6 years (ends on 6<sup>th</sup> birthday)</li> <li>Limited to two per calendar year. Up to two additional (total of four) per year allowed if at high risk for cavities (medical necessity must be established).</li> </ul> <p>Does not have diagnosis code requirements for preventative benefit to apply.</p>

Updated: 4/2022