

1915(i) Service Authorization Policy



Health & Human Services

Traditional vs. Expansion

As 1915(i) Providers, you will serve both Traditional Medicaid and Medicaid Expansion Members. This is included in the provider agreement you signed when enrolling as a 1915(i) Provider.

The 1915(i) is available to both Traditional Medicaid and Medicaid Expansion members.

Today's training is applicable to <u>Traditional members.</u>

Medicaid Expansion Members

The Managed Care Organization (MCO) will provide policy and training applicable to Expansion Members.

3

Visit the 1915(i) website for contact information for the MCO to obtain further information on the 1915(i) for Expansion members.

What is a Service Authorization Request?

All 1915(i) services must be prior authorized by the SMA or the MCO. Providers will not be reimbursed for services provided prior to the service authorization approval date.

4

Providers submit a Request for Service Authorization for each service to the SMA via MMIS for 1915(i) eligible Traditional members and to the MCO for 1915(i) eligible Expansion members.

What is MMIS?

5

MMIS is short for Medicaid Management Information System.

A claims processing and information system that State Medicaid programs must have to be eligible for Federal Medicaid funding. The system controls Medicaid business functions, such as service authorizations, claims, and reporting. 1915(i) providers will enter service authorizations and claims into MMIS for Traditional Medicaid members.

1915(i) Service Authorization Process

The Plan of Care meeting is held. Based on assessed needs and goals, the name, amount, frequency, and duration of each necessary service is documented in the POC, and the individual chooses a provider for each of the services.

6

- > The care coordinator completes a Request for Service Provider form and sends to each identified provider.
- Following acceptance from the provider of each of the requested services, the care coordinator enters the name of each provider on the POC.
- > The POC is finalized by the care coordinator.
- The care coordinator submits their service authorization request with the POC attached via MMIS for 1915(i) eligible Traditional members and to the MCO via their process for 1915(i) eligible Expansion members. Approval of the care coordination request indicates approval of the POC.

1915(i) Service Authorization Process (cont.)

After approval of the care coordination service, the care coordinator forwards the POC to all service providers.

7

- Upon receipt of the POC, each provider submits their service authorization with the POC attached via MMIS for 1915(i) eligible Traditional members and to the MCO via their process for 1915(i) eligible Expansion members.
- The SMA or MCO compares the service amount, frequency and duration of each service authorization request to the POC to ensure they match.
- The SMA or MCO approves or denies the service authorization. For Traditional members, MMIS generates a notification letter to the provider and to the individual. If the service authorization request doesn't match the POC, the request will be denied. If denied, the provider will make the necessary revisions to the service authorization request and resubmit. Note, an entirely new request is required as denied requests cannot be amended.

Key Points

- The Care Coordinator, in collaboration with the individual, determines the services, and amounts, frequency, and duration that each provider will request.
- > The SA request must match the POC.
- The POC must be uploaded into MMIS along with each service authorization request.
- Providers will not be reimbursed for services provided prior to the service authorization approval date.

Relevant Information



- One service authorization request per 1915(i) provider is required.
- Multiple 1915(i) services can be included on one service authorization request.
- The service authorization number must be on all provider claims.
- Only one service authorization number per claim is allowed.
- Service authorization approval also indicates POC approval.

Service Authorization Requested Begin Date and Requested End Date



Requested Begin Date: The requested begin date cannot be dated prior to the submission date of the service authorization request.

Retroactive or back-dating of service authorization requests are not allowed except in the following circumstances:

- 1. an agency's initial care coordination request,
- 2. individual requests a transfer from one care coordination provider to another,
- 3. termination of the care coordination service,
- 4. individual's Traditional Medicaid eligibility changes to Medicaid Expansion,
- 5. individual's Medicaid Expansion eligibility changes to Traditional Medicaid, and
- 6. urgent conditions with good cause.

See the 1915(i) Service Authorization policy for retroactive exceptions.

Requested End Date: The maximum time period a service authorization can be requested is to the end of the individual's 1915(i) eligibility period. The date of the end of the individual's 1915(i) eligibility period is obtained from the Zone.

(Contact the MCO for information pertaining to Expansion Members.)

Approval or Denial Date

11

The SMA will use the date the service authorization request was submitted in MMIS as the approval or denial date for all requests. See the 1915(i) Service Authorization policy for retroactive exceptions.

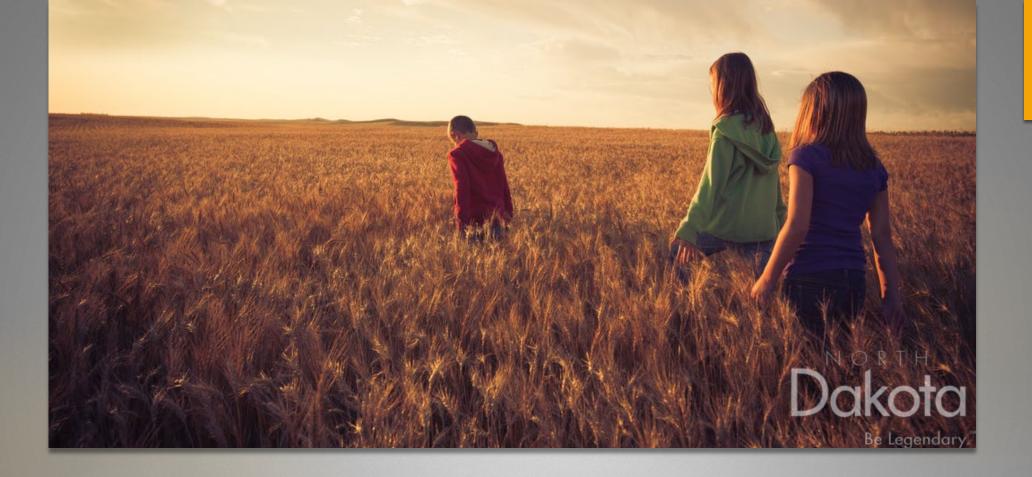
Providers who receive a denial for a service authorization request due to a submission error can resubmit an entirely new request with necessary corrections. Denied requests cannot be amended.

(Contact the MCO for information pertaining to Expansion Members.)

Notification of SA Approval or Denial 12

MMIS will generate a notification letter indicating approval or denial of the service authorization request. The notification letter is generated in the evenings and mailed to the provider and to the individual the next business day. Prior to receiving the mailed notification letter, providers have the option of checking the approval or denial status of the service authorization request in the web portal. If the web portal indicates a denial for the service authorization request, the provider will not see the reason for the denial in the web system. Instructions for checking status in the web portal is available in Part II of the Service Authorization Training Power Point available on the 1915(i) website.

(Contact the MCO for information pertaining to Expansion Members.)



13

Service Limits, Rates, Codes 1915 Codes, Rates, Limits, pdf (nd.gov)

Service Description



Each service has a specific definition. A provider will only be paid for those services delivered which fall within the scope/definition of the service.

If a Care Coordination provider decides to provide math tutoring to the member, they will not be reimbursed for that as it doesn't fall within the scope of the service.





Each 1915(i) service has age "limits" which identifies the ages of the individuals who can access the service.

Rate Type per 15 minutes



Other rate types include a monetary or "dollar amount".





Code & Modifier



The "code" is referred as the procedure code when entering service authorizations into MMIS.

Each rate type within a service will have a code, and sometimes a modifier, associated with it. When there are multiple components to a service, each component will have its own code. For example, the Training and Supports for Unpaid Caregiver service is Code H0039 and Modifier UK for the 15-minute unit rate; and an additional Modifier "UA" must be added if the service is provided in a group setting. The rate code T2025 is for the "per service" or monetary component of the service.

The code for the Care Coordination service is H2015. There is no modifier for this service.

Medicaid Fee/Rate



Each service has its own rate.

Current rates are listed here: <u>Fee Schedules | Health and Human</u> <u>Services North Dakota</u>

Service Limits

19

Services may have one or more limits.

Link to current service limits and codes: <u>Service Limits and Codes</u>

Remote Support/Telehealth Limits



The majority of services allow remote service delivery within the established limits. See Remote Support Service Delivery policy for additional requirements.

Provider Type

All 1915(i) providers use Provider Type 049.



Specialty Code

Each service has its own Specialty Code.



Group Taxonomy



Each service has its own group taxonomy assigned. Think of the Group Taxonomy code as the "Agency" Taxonomy code.

Individual Taxonomy



Each type of individual provider has its own taxonomy assigned. The "Individual" Taxonomy Code represents the "employee/enrolled individual provider" who will provide the service.

Each Individual Provider must be affiliated with a Group Provider.





All 1915(i) Group Providers <u>and</u> Individual Providers will obtain a National Provider ID (NPI).

NPI can be obtained online at the NPPES website: <u>https://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/#/</u>

Electronic Visit Verification (EVV)

The 1915(i) Respite Service is subject to Federal EVV Regulations. The individual provider is required to check in and out to confirm their presence in the home.

26

Respite providers will submit service authorizations first in MMIS for the State's approval. After approval from the State, the Respite provider will enter a service authorization into Therap.

Therap will provide training to all 1915(i) Respite providers in the use of EVV and the Therap system.

See the Respite Service Policy for special instructions on the use of the Therap system for providers submitting service authorizations and claims for the respite service.

(Contact the MOC for their EVV process for Expansion members.)

Place of Service Codes (POS)

The POS Codes identify the location a provider delivers a service to a member.

27

When submitting a service authorization request, the provider is required to identify the one POS code where they expect to deliver most of the services. Later, when submitting the claim, the provider will list the correct POS code for each of the services they provided and are submitting a claim for reimbursement.

Remote Support/Teleheath POS Codes

28



- 02 Telehealth provided other than in patient's home
- 10 Telehealth provided in patient's home
- Modifier 93 must be appended to any claim line where the service was delivered audio only without a face-to-face component.

Complete List of POS Codes



https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/place-of-servicecodes/Place_of_Service_Code_Set

Non-Standard Service Authorization Processes

FOR TRADITIONAL MEDICAID MEMBERS (SEE THE MCO WEBSITE FOR EXPANSION MEMBERS)



See the 1915(i) Service Authorization policy for detailed instructions of the process for the following:

- Individual's Traditional Medicaid Eligibility Changes to Medicaid Expansion,
- 2. Individual's Medicaid Expansion Eligibility Changes to Traditional Medicaid,
- 3. Change in Service Name, Amount, Frequency, or Duration,
- 4. Individual Requests a Transfer from One Service Provider to Another,
- Individual Requests a Transfer from One Care Coordinator Provider to Another,

- 6. Individual Requests to Discontinue All 1915(i) Services,
- 7. Service Authorization Requests to Exceed the Established Service Limit,
- Individual's 1915(i) Eligibility Suspends Due to a Change in Living Arrangement,
- 9. Termination of Service (Other than Care Coordination),
- 10. Termination of the Care Coordination Service, and
- 11. Urgent Conditions.

Confirmation of 1915(i) Eligibility

It is the provider's responsibility to confirm 1915(i) eligibility prior to providing each service.

For Traditional members, providers are to call the AVRS line (1-877-328-7098) or MMIS portal to check individual member eligibility.

For Expansion members, providers will use the MCO's process to confirm eligibility.

Traditional or Expansion Eligibility ³⁴ Verification

It is also the providers responsibility to know if the member is a Traditional or Expansion member prior to providing each service.

- If you submit a service authorization or claim for an Expansion member into MMIS, it will be rejected.
- If you submit a service authorization or claim for a Traditional member using the MCO's process, it will be rejected.

Why Check for Eligibility?



If 1915(i) eligibility ends or is suspended, no services can be provided, and the service authorization is no longer valid.

A service provided to someone who isn't 1915(i) eligible is not reimbursable.

Documentation Requirements



ND Medicaid providers are required to keep records that thoroughly document the extent of services rendered to members and billed to ND Medicaid.

Records are used by ND Medicaid to determine the service was necessary and to verify that services were billed correctly.

Documentation (Cont.)



Medical records must be in their original or legally reproduced form, which may be electronic.

The department is not requiring you to use a certain system for your documentation. Each provider is responsible for their own system and ensuring it meets these requirements.

Documentation must support the time spent rendering a service for all time-based codes.

Documentation (Cont.)

Records must be retained for a minimum of six years from the date of its creation or the date when it was last in effect, whichever is later. State law may require a longer retention period for some provider types.

38

Medical Record Valid Signature Requirements

For a signature to be valid, the following criteria is needed:

Services that are provided must be authenticated by the author.

39

- Signatures shall be handwritten or an electronic signature. For additional guidance, CMS signature requirements can be found here:
 - https://med.noridianmedicare.com/web/jfb/certreviews/signature-requirements. Note: This link does not work if using Internet Explorer.
- Signatures are legible.
- Signature is dated and timed.





Service Authorization Process Flow

Service Authorization Process Flow

1915(i) Website <u>Medicaid 1915(i) State Plan Amendment</u> <u>Health and Human</u> <u>Services North Dakota</u>

1915(i) Email nd1915(i)@nd.gov